Dottorato di ricerca in Scienze Veterinarie XXXVII CICLO - Anno di corso: 2°

Dott. Giuseppe Alastra Curriculum: Scienze di Base

Supervisor: Prof.ssa Luciana Giardino



Development and validation of complex systems of primary cell cultures, including embryonic, adult and induced pluripotent stem cells, for toxicity studies and modeling of rare and neurodegenerative diseases

Objective: Development and validation of a protocol for the decellularization of Spinal Cord (SC) (i) and set up a protocol for 2D (ii) and 3D (iii) in vitro models from decellularized SC for the Extracellular Matrix (ECM) study.

Materials and Methods: Neural Stem Cells (NSCs) isolated from embryonic (E13.5) rat forebrain growth on 2D-coating and 3D-ECM-gel [1] obtained from

decellularized rat SC.

SC Decellularization _______ 2D-Coating ______ 3D-ECM-gel

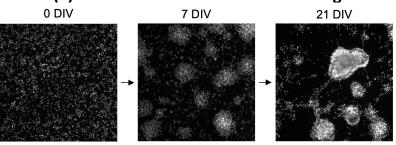
Results:

(i) Production of Decellularized SC



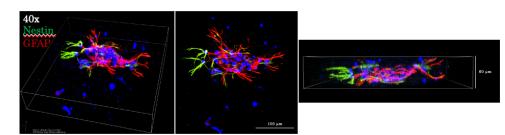
Macroscopic structure maintenance; Very low residual DNA quantity; Absence of intact cells in the decellularized tissue; Quick and easy execution.

(ii) Clusters formation on 2D - coating



The increasing amount of ECM proteins affects the connections between NSCs; Formation of large 3D structures; Increased connections between clusters.

(iii) Spheroids formation on 3D - ECM-gel



Clusters formation and cells/spheroids survival after 3 Days In Vitro on 8 mg/mL ECM-gel concentration.

Conclusions: Those experiments have defined an efficient method to decellularize the spinal cord and tested its effect in 2D and 3D systems to evaluate the contribution of ECM on NSCs in physiological conditions.

Future Proposal: Evaluate the ECM effect from Spinal Cord Injury on NSCs in 2D and 3D in vitro systems.