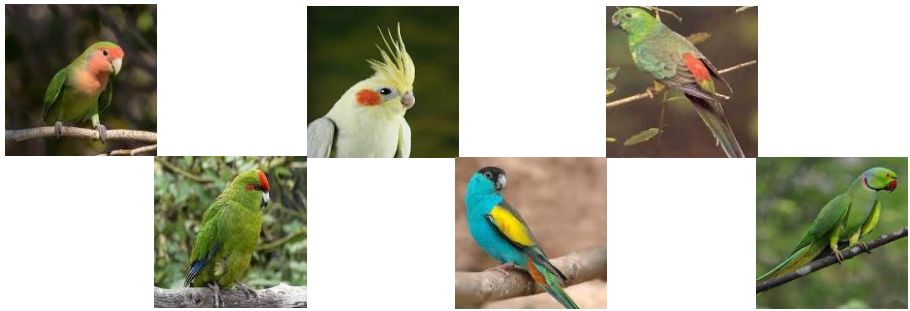




DETECTION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF ADENOVIRIDAE IN PSITTACINE BIRDS

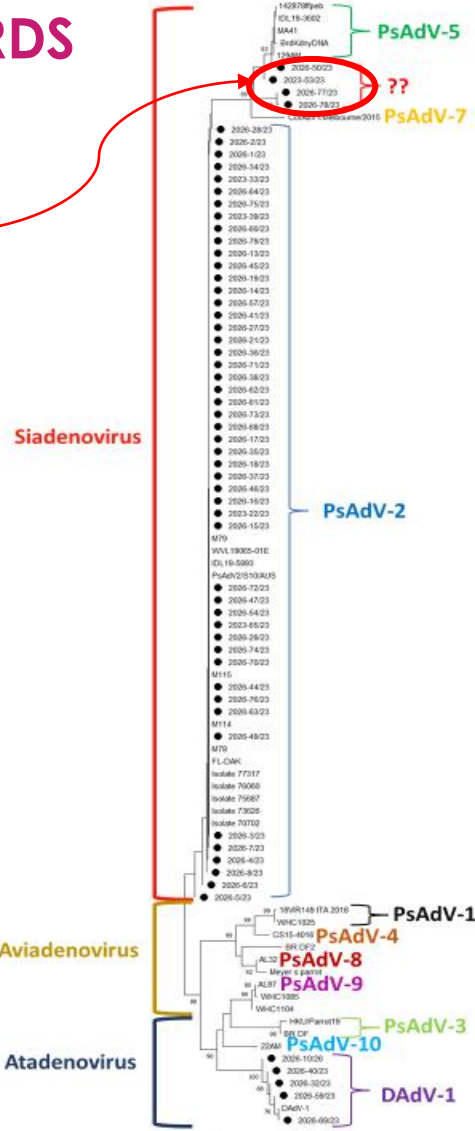
Objective: A PCR survey was conducted for Adenoviruses detection and characterization from one Psittacine birds flock.

Materials and Methods: Eighty Psittacine birds from six species were sampled by cloacal swabs. DNA was extracted. Extracted DNAs were screened for Adenoviruses using a nested PCR protocol which amplifies the partial *pol* gene. Amplicons were purified, sequenced and a phylogenetic tree (Figure 1) was constructed including all available sequences retrieved from GenBank® database.



Results:

Psittacine birds species	N° of birds sampled	N° of positive samples	Adenovirus species detected			
			PsAdV-2	PsAdV-5	DAdV-1	N.C.
<i>Agapornis roseicollis</i>	14	9	5	2	1	1
<i>Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae</i>	41	38	37	-	1	-
<i>Nymphicus hollandicus</i>	12	7	5	-	1	1
<i>Psephotus dissimilis</i>	3	3	3	-	-	-
<i>Psephotus haematonotus</i>	4	3	1	-	-	2
<i>Psittacula krameri</i>	6	3	1	-	2	-
	80	63 (78,8%)	52 (82,5%)	2 (3,2%)	5 (7,9%)	4 (6,4%)



Conclusions ad future proposal: Heterogenicity of Adenovirus species was found in a single population. The data obtained allow to broaden the limited information available on Psittacine Adenovirus epidemiology. **Unclassified Adenoviruses** belonging to Genus Siadenovirus **were found** that deserves further investigations.

Fig. 1: Phylogenetic tree